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Valorizzazione della frazione organica dei rifiuti per la produzione di VFA

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Environment Park SpA

- ✓ Scientific and technological Park in Turin Italy
- Private large company with public shareholders (established in 1996)
- Eco and Demo site (30 ha for companies real estate, and own facilities and laboratories installation)

Business model and units



environm







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EnviPark - Valorizzazione di biomassi

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The eco-site

- Green roofs
- Rain water recovery systems
- Wood chips for heating and cooling
- Thermal solar and heat recovery systems

- PV generator
- Eco-efficient building technologies
- Hydropower plant



Comparison with a traditional building:

- ✓ Energy saving: ~ 32 %
- ✓ Water saving: ~ 40 %
- Energy produced from RES: 329,3 kWh/sqm instead of an average production of 27,8 kWh/sqm in traditional buildings



Green Chemistry sector

Green Chemistry sector operates in development and optimization of technologies in the field of exploitation of organic materials

Areas of activities: biochemicals, biofuels, biomass exploitation for energy production, algae

Tested materials

Park - Valorizzazione di biomass





HEMP





STRAW

OFMSW

POMACE







GRAPE POMACE POLY ACID

GRAMINACEE

MICROALGAE



Biomass pre-treatment: Pilot plant testing

Steam Explosion (35L) Chemical Hydrolysis (115 L) Enzymatic Hydrolysis (115 L) Fermentation pilot plants

Production of biochemicals, exploitation of by-products, production of bio-H₂, bio-CH₄, aerobic and anaerobic fermentation (5,35,150 L)

Algae processes

Tubular helical photo-bioreactor pilot plant (200L): outdoor with no artificial light for the cultivation of different algae strains (oxygen degaser, CO_2 insufflation)

WHY TO FOCUS ON VFA







Fonte: Biorefineries based on volatile fatty acids platform - Kartik Chandran - Columbia University. FSM4, Chennai





OFMSW and digestate samples characterisation

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Sample	Date of	VFA (mg/Kg)	Acetic acid	Propionic acid	Butyric acid	Valeric acid
type	samhung		(mg/Kg)	(mg/Kg)	(mg/Kg)	(mg/Kg)
OFMSW	07/12/2017	1601,0	1523,0	77,7	< 10	< 10
OFMSW	19/12/2017	2740,0	2375,0	229,0	136,0	< 10
OFMSW	20/12/2017	2147,0	1905,0	176,0	66,2	< 10
OFMSW	22/12/2017	257,0	175,0	81,9	< 10	< 10
OFMSW	08/01/2018	2452,0	1847,0	172,0	338,0	95,3
OFMSW	10/01/2018	1897,0	1711,0	63,0	92,6	< 10
OFMSW	12/01/2018	2658,0	2486,0	69,0	103,0	< 10
Digestate	07/12/2017	562,0	385,0	116,0	60,9	< 10
Digestate	19/12/2017	648,0	407,0	174,0	66,5	< 10
Digestate	20/12/2017	484,0	297,0	133,0	53,5	< 10
Digestate	22/12/2017	257,0	175,0	81,9	< 10	< 10
Digestate	08/01/2018	506,0	384,0	69,5	52,5	< 10
Digestate	10/01/2018	341,0	341,0	< 10	< 10	< 10
Digestate	12/01/2018	915,0	686,0	142,0	87,2	< 10



- Quantity and composition of VFA are very variable in OFMSW and digestate
- Acetic acid is the most abundant VFA in OFMSW and digestate











Presentati in fase di valutazione:

- PERCIVAL: conversione di FORSU e di sottoprodotti agroindustriali in Biochemicals anche utilizzando VFA con building blocks
- SATURNO: conversione della FORSU e della CO₂ in biocarburanti biochemicals e biostiamolanti anche utilizzando VFA con building blocks

Approvati in fase di svolgimento



Borsa Lagrange: durata un anno dedicata alla conversione della FORSU in VFAs



BIFOUR: progetto regionale su polo di innovazione, metanazione chimica e biochimica della FORSU



BRISK2: progetto Europeo INFRAIA su infrastrutture ad accesso aperto per la produzione di biocombustibili



BioRobur^{plus}: progetto Europeo su piattaforma JTI dedicato all'ottmizzazione su scala demo della produzione di idrogeno da FORSU







"Engineered microbial factories for CO2 exploitation in an integrated waste treatment platform"



engici

Call: BIOTECH-05-2017 "Microbial platforms for CO₂-reuse processes in the low-carbon economy"



In ENGICOIN, Envipark come terza parte di ACEA è incaricata di ottimizzare la produzione di VFA e BioH₂ come substrati in alimentazione alle MF_s per la produzione di acetone e PHA

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Task 2.3: Complementary carbon substrates extraction and purification from the AD digestate





Task 2.3 : VFA production and extraction from the AD digestate







The tests at pilot scale are performed in **CSTR reactors** of different volumes and with different flow rates in order to fine tune **HRT, T, pH as key controlling parameters** for the amount and composition of the VFAs generated

- Selection of **bacteria consortia** responsible for this production during this experimental campaign.

- Outcomes coming from the partnership on the improvement of the properties of final products steer the effort in selection of the right operating conditions for maximizing the production of such acids.

- **Complementary production of H2 and CO2** in the gaseous phase will be monitored and considered as possible by-products to be used as feeding for the following steps











Environment Park VFAs production method for process parameter settling



Materials and methods





Process parameters identification





VFA 7 - pH trend

VFA 7 - Acetic acid (mg/L)





VFA 7 - Total VFA











Acetic Acid and TOTAL VFAS (Acetic acid equivalent)



mg/L

Production method and process parameter settlin



Focus on Acetic and Total VFAs results



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Production method and process parameter settling



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OFMSW : inoculum ratio of **10:1** has been confirmed to be **adequate for VFA production**



Inoculum pre-treatment has been confirmed to allow VFA production and to inhibit the methanogenic phase



A screening of 3 different starting pH has been done and suggest that an acid starting pH is optimal both to decrease process cost and to increase VFA yields



A working temperature in mesophilic range has been confirmed to be suitable



An **HRT of 11 days** has been tested and confirmed to be **optimal** for improve the total value of VFAs and the Acetic acid production



Longer HRT could be tested in order to increase C>5 Acids values









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